SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the Hazardous Products Regulations

AUTHORITY® 480 HERBICIDE

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 06/11/2024
1.5	07/12/2024	50000370	Date of first issue: 08/26/2022

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product name AUTHORITY® 480 HERBICIDE

Other means of identification

Product code 50000370

Product Registration Number PCP #29012

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Can be used as herbicide only.

Restrictions on use Use as recommended by the label.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

FMC of Canada Ltd
6755 Mississauga Road, Suite 204
Mississauga, ON L5N 7Y2
Canada
Phone (AgHotline): 1-833-FMC-PPAC (1-833-362-7722),
Web: https://ag.fmc.com/ca/en
SDS-Info@fmc.com

Supplier Address

FMC of Canada Limited
6755 Mississauga Road, Suite 204
Mississauga, ON L5N 7Y2
Canada

Emergency telephone

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:
1 800 / 424-9300 (CHEMTREC - U.S.A.)
1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International)
1 703 / 527-3887 (CHEMTREC - Alternate)

Medical emergency:
U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331-3148
All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (Collect)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (hematopoietic system)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : WARNING

Hazard Statements : H373 May cause damage to organs (hematopoietic system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements :

Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

Response:

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonym	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Sulfentrazone	Sulfentrazone	122836-35-5	40
propane-1,2-diol	propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	>= 5 - < 10
toluene	Toluene	108-88-3	>= 1 - <= 5

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and

persists.

In case of eye contact	:	Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Keep respiratory tract clear. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Exposure may result in convulsions, decreased locomotion, tearing, increased sensitivity to touch, bloody discharge from the nose and incoordination. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Protection of first-aiders	:	Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not spread spilled material with high-pressure water streams. High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Chlorinated compounds Fluorinated compounds Sulfur oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Carbon oxides Hydrogen cyanide
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.
Further information	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Use personal protective equipment.
If it can be safely done, stop the leak.
Do not touch or walk through the spilled material.
Never return spills in original containers for re-use.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
For disposal considerations see section 13.

Environmental precautions : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent product from entering drains.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Never return spills in original containers for re-use.
Collect as much of the spill as possible with a suitable absorbent material.
Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Avoid formation of respirable particles.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	TWA (Vapour and aerosols)	50 ppm 155 mg/m3	CA ON OEL
		TWA (aerosol)	10 mg/m3	CA ON OEL

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water
Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing
Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Protective measures : Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.
Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper instructions.
Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place.
Wear suitable protective equipment.
In the context of professional plant protection use as recommended, the end user must refer to the label and the instructions for use.

Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not inhale aerosol.
When using do not eat or drink.
When using do not smoke.
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : liquid

Form	:	liquid
Color	:	off-white
Odor	:	alcohol-like
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	5.3 - 6 (20 °C)
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	> 94 °C Method: closed cup
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Self-ignition	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	10.07 lb/gal
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	dispersible
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive

Oxidizing properties	:	Non-oxidizing
Molecular weight	:	Not applicable
Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle size	:	Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid extreme temperatures. Avoid formation of aerosol.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, female): 2,084 mg/kg Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-1 LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 423 Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after single ingestion.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 2.72 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-3 Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after short term inhalation.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-2

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 2,689 mg/kg
Symptoms: ataxia, clonic convulsions, Fatality
GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 4.13 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: EPA OPP 81 - 3
Symptoms: ataxia, Breathing difficulties
GLP: yes
Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: EPA OPP 81-2
GLP: yes
Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after single contact with skin.

propane-1,2-diol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 22,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rabbit): 31.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 2 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

toluene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,580 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male): 25.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

LC50 (Rat, female): 30 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : (Rabbit): 12,267 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	Not classified as irritant
Method	:	US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-5
Result	:	No skin irritation

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No skin irritation
Method	:	EPA OPP 81-5
Result	:	No skin irritation
GLP	:	yes

propane-1,2-diol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation

toluene:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Result	:	Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Assessment	:	Not classified as irritant
Method	:	US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-4

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	EPA OPP 81-4
GLP	:	yes

propane-1,2-diol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405

toluene:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Test Type	:	Skin sensitization
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	Not a skin sensitizer.
Method	:	US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-6
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitization.

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Test Type	:	Maximization Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitization.

propane-1,2-diol:

Test Type	:	Maximization Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	negative

toluene:

Test Type	:	Maximization Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Ames test Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: negative Test Type: Mouse lymphoma assay Test system: mouse lymphoma cells Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

propane-1,2-diol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

toluene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test
Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Species: Rat
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Species : Rat, male and female
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Mouse, male and female
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 18 month(s)
Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

propane-1,2-diol:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: NOEL: 13.7 - 16.2 mg/kg bw/day
General Toxicity F1: NOEL: 13.7 - 16.2 mg/kg bw/day
Symptoms: Maternal effects.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 25 mg/kg bw/day
Developmental Toxicity: NOEL: 10 mg/kg bw/day
Method: EPA OPP 83-3

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg bw/day
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL F1: 25 mg/kg bw/day
Symptoms: Skeletal malformations.
Target Organs: spleen
Method: EPA OPP 83-3

propane-1,2-diol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

toluene:

Effects on fetal development : Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Result: Teratogenic effects.
Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed

Reproductive toxicity - As- : Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

sessment | fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

toluene:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (hematopoietic system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Target Organs : hematopoietic system
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

toluene:

Routes of exposure : Inhalation
Target Organs : inner ear
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 19.9 mg/kg
LOAEL : 65.8 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral - feed
Exposure time : 90-days
GLP : yes
Target Organs : hematopoietic system

Species : Mouse, male
NOAEL : 60 mg/kg
LOAEL : 108.4 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral - feed
Exposure time : 90-days
Target Organs : hematopoietic system

Species : Dog, male

NOAEL	:	10 mg/kg
LOAEL	:	28 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral - feed
Exposure time	:	90-days
Target Organs	:	hematopoietic system, Liver

propane-1,2-diol:

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	1,700 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	2 Years

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	1,000 mg/kg
LOAEL	:	160 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Inhalation
Exposure time	:	90 Days

toluene:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	625 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Symptoms	:	central nervous system effects

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	0.098 mg/l
Application Route	:	Inhalation
Test atmosphere	:	vapor

Species	:	Rat
LOAEL	:	2.261 mg/l
Application Route	:	Inhalation
Test atmosphere	:	vapor

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

toluene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Neurological effects

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Neurotoxity observed in animals studies

Further information

Product:

Remarks : No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 120 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test Method: EPA OPP 72-1 LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 93.8 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test Method: EPA OPP 72-1
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 60.4 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: flow-through test NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 14.1 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: flow-through test
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (algae): 32.8 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.031 mg/l Exposure time: 120 h EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.0288 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d EC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Diatom)): 0.042 mg/l Exposure time: 120 h
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Fish): 5.9 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Crustaceans): 0.51 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d
Toxicity to terrestrial organ-	:	LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5,620 ppm

isms

End point: Acute oral toxicity

NOEL (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): 3,160 ppm
End point: Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5,620 ppm
End point: Acute oral toxicity

NOEL (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): 5,620 ppm
End point: Acute oral toxicity

NOEL (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 100 ppm
End point: Reproduction Test

NOEL (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 100 ppm
End point: Reproduction Test

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 25 µg/bee
End point: Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 µg/bee
End point: Acute contact toxicity

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

propane-1,2-diol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 18,800 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 34,100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 13,020 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 18 h

toluene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 5.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50: 3.78 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates		Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 10 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Oncorhynchus kisutch (coho salmon)): 1.4 mg/l
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Ceriodaphnia sp.): 0.74 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50 (Bacteria): 134 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Stability in water	:	Degradation half life (DT50): 2.22 - 9.56 h
Photodegradation	:	Remarks: Decomposes rapidly in contact with light.

propane-1,2-diol:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 23.6 % Exposure time: 64 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 306

toluene:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Bioaccumulation	:	Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) GLP: yes Remarks: Low potential for bioaccumulation
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 9.8 pH: 7

propane-1,2-diol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.07

toluene:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 90

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.73 (20 °C)

Mobility in soil

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Mobility : Medium: Water
Remarks: Predicted distribution to environmental compartments

Distribution among environmental compartments : Koc: 43 ml/g, log Koc: 1.63
Remarks: Highly mobile in soils

Stability in soil : Remarks: Very persistent in soil.

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information : An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.
Dispose of as unused product.
Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sulfentrazone)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Sulfentrazone)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	964
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sulfentrazone)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sulfentrazone)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
ERG Code	:	171
Marine pollutant	:	yes(Sulfentrazone)

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Canadian PBT Chemicals : This product contains the following components on the DSL that are classified as Persistent, Bioaccumulative and/or Toxic (PBT) under CEPA:
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane [D4]

NPRI Components : Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : Not in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains chemical substance(s) exempt from CEPA DSL Inventory requirements. It is regulated as a pesticide subject to Pest Control Products Act (PCPA) requirements. Read the PCPA label, authorized under the Pest Control Products Act, prior to using or handling this pest control product.

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

Canadian lists

No substances are subject to a Significant New Activity Notification.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

CA ON OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -

Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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End of Material Safety Data Sheet